Communion Meditation

Deuteronomy 25.5-10

"Brotherly Duty" April 22, 2018 Series: Ruth

Levirate Marriage

- Widow to marry unmarried brother-in-law "levir"
 - Read Gen 38.6-11 ~ Tamar marries Er, then Onan (not Shelah)
 - Read Ruth 1.11 ~ Naomi speaks of them marrying future sons
- Law served two purposes 1) perpetuates line, 2) provides for widows

v5a ~ "brothers are living together"

- Not literally the same house / but the same community
- v5b ~ "his widow must not marry outside the family"
 - Marriage forbidden / not mandated ~ Widows right to pursue it
- v6 ~ "son .. shall carry on the name of the dead brother"
 - Not allowing a male branch to die off was very important
 - Inheritance laws established by God / Very important

4 Roles of "kinsman-redeemer"

- 1) Marry widow to carry on brother's name and provide for her (**Deu 25**)
- 2) Purchase fellow Hebrews out of bondage to foreigner (Lev 25)
- 3) Closest in kin was to inherit property (son, daughter, brother) (**Num 27**)
- 4) Avenger of blood in case of wrongful death (**Num 37**)

Jesus is ultimate Kinsman-Redeemer

- Boaz and Ruth are in the lineage of Jesus so are Judah and Tamar
- Read excerpt from "Tools of Dominion" by Gary North
 - o pg 228 ~ "We know that we are in .. no divided family loyalties"

Boaz promised Ruth that he would serve as her kinsman-redeemer He was promising to rescue her from a life of poverty and want We may not fully recognize our poverty and want – worse off than Ruth But Jesus has promised to rescue those that turn to Him as Ruth did Boaz Jesus fulfills every aspect of a kinsman-redeemer to those that turn to Him in faith He promises us 1) rescue from bondage of sin, 2) vengeance upon enemies,

3) a glorious inheritance (Rom 8), and 4) we'll take His name in marriage